

Knowledge Progression: History

Year group	Autumn A	Spring A	Summer A	Autumn B	Spring B	Summer B
Year 1	<p>Topic: All About Me</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Timelines show events in chronological order - The Queen died in 2022 - Britain has a monarchy. 	<p>Topic: Plants and Animals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - St Piran came to Cornwall from Ireland. - He founded a church on Perran Sands. - He discovered tin. 	<p>Topic: Flight and Space Exploration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Montgolfier Brothers invented the hot air balloon. - Trevithick built the first working railway steam locomotive. - Trevithick was born in 1771 in Cornwall. 	<p>Topic: Beyond Living Memory</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -In 1859, Brunel built the Royal Albert Bridge. -Brunel was an engineer. -Brunel built a tunnel under a river. 	<p>Topic: Amazon Rainforest</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Alexander von Humboldt was born in 1769. -Alexander von Humboldt was a geographer and explorer. - In 1848, Henry Bates explored the Amazon Rainforest. 	<p>Topic: Tudors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Tudors ruled from 1485 to 1603. - Henry VIII was a king. - During Tudor times, potatoes were first brought to England by the explorer Francis Drake.
Year 2	<p>Topic: Great Fire of London</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The Great Fire of London started on Pudding Lane on Sunday 2nd September 1666. -70,000 people's homes were destroyed, however, only 6 people lost their lives. -The fire spread so easily due to the materials and position of the infrastructure in London at the time. 	<p>Topic: Kernow, Our Country</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -In 1881, there was a large fire in the kitchen of Lanhydrock House. -The Robartes lived in Lanhydrock House for over 300 years. -Lanhydrock House is a Victorian country house near Bodmin in Cornwall and now belongs to the National Trust. 	<p>Topic: Flight and Space Exploration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -20th July 1969 Apollo 11 was the American spaceflight that first landed humans on the moon. -The crew were Neil Armstrong, Michael Collins and Buzz Aldrin. -Wilbur and Orville Wright built and flew the world's first successful motor-operated plane in Kitty Hawk, North Carolina, America. 	<p>Topic: Beyond Living Memory</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -In 1859, Brunel built the Royal Albert Bridge connecting Devon and Cornwall. -Brunel was one of the 19th century's engineering giants. -Brunel built an underwater tunnel with his father under the Thames River in London. 	<p>Topic: Amazon Rainforest</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Alexander von Humboldt was born in 1769 and lived for 90 years. -Alexander von Humboldt was a naturalist, geographer and explorer. - In 1848, for 11 years, Henry Bates was an English biologist who explored the Amazon Rainforest. 	<p>Topic: Tudors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Tudors ruled from 1485 to 1603 and produced kings like Henry VIII and queens like Elizabeth I. - Elizabeth I was the last Tudor monarch of England, reigning from 1558-1603. - During Tudor times, potatoes were first brought to England from the New World in the 1580s by the Elizabethan explorer Francis Drake.
Year 3	<p>Topic: Anglo-Saxons and Vikings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Lindisfarne Monastery was raided by Vikings in AD 793. -King Alfred the Great divided England between Anglo-Saxon territory and the Viking-ruled Danelaw. -The Anglo-Saxon tribes came from Belgium, Denmark, Germany and The Netherlands. 	<p>Topic: Shang Dynasty</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The Shang Dynasty ruled from 1600 to 1046 B.C. -Lady Fu Hao was a military leader and was buried in a royal tomb. In her tomb they found over 450 bronze objects and almost 7,000 cowry shells (Shang money). -Anyang was a Shang royal city found by archaeologists in the 1920s. 	<p>Topic: Ancient Egyptians</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -In 1922, British archaeologist Howard Carter unearthed Tutankhamun's tomb. -Tutankhamun became king at the age of nine. -Every aspect of life in Egypt depended on the River Nile - it provided food and resources, land for agriculture, and a means of travel. 	<p>Topic: Roman Empire</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Rome was founded in 753 BC. -Julius Caesar was a famous Roman leader who won many battles for Rome. -The Romans built many things in Britain that are still standing. The city of Bath is named after the Roman baths that were built there. 	<p>Topic: The Georgians</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The Georgian era is a period in British history from 1714 to 1837. -The Georgian period is named after the Hanoverian Kings George I, George II, George III and George IV. -Richard Trevithick builds the first steam locomotive in 1804 in Wales. 	<p>Topic: Maya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The Maya civilisation began around 2000 BC. -The Maya lived in Mesoamerica, which includes parts of modern-day Mexico and Central America. -Chichen-Itza had as many as 50,000 people living there.

	Year 4	<p>Topic: Anglo-Saxons and Vikings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Lindisfarne Monastery was raided by Vikings in AD 793. -King Alfred the Great, was King of the West Saxons and he divided England between Anglo-Saxon territory (Wessex) and the Viking-ruled Danelaw. -The Anglo-Saxon tribes came from Belgium, Denmark, Germany and The Netherlands. 	<p>Topic: Shang Dynasty</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The Shang ruled from 1600 to 1046 B.C. -Lady Fu Hao was one of the many wives of King Wu Ding. She was a military leader and was buried in a royal tomb. In her tomb they found over 450 bronze objects and almost 7,000 cowry shells (Shang money). -Anyang was a Shang royal city found by archaeologists in the 1920s. Archaeologists unearthed many artifacts from these ruins that revealed an ancient civilization. The ruins were the remains of one of the royal cities of the Shang. The city included a palace, a temple and houses. 	<p>Topic: Ancient Egyptians</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - In 1922, British archaeologist Howard Carter unearthed Tutankhamun's tomb in the Valley of the Kings. -Tutankhamun became king at the age of nine. His burial mask contained more than 9kg of gold. -Every aspect of life in Egypt depended on the River Nile - it provided food and resources, land for agriculture, and a means of travel. 	<p>Topic: Roman Empire</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Rome was founded in 753 BC. -Julius Caesar was a famous Roman leader who won many battles for Rome; however, he was only leader of the Roman Empire for a year before he was assassinated by political enemies. -The Romans built many things in Britain that are still standing today, including 55,000 miles of roads and communal bath houses. The city of Bath is named after the roman baths that were built there. 	<p>Topic: The Georgians</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The Georgian era is a period in British history from 1714 to 1837. -The Georgian period is named after the Hanoverian Kings George I, George II, George III and George IV. The Georgian era also includes the short reign of William IV. Because William IV died with no heir, the crown passed to his niece Victoria, which began the Victorian era. - Richard Trevithick builds the first steam locomotive in 1804 in Wales. 	<p>Topic: Maya</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The Maya civilisation began around 2000 BC. From 200 AD, the cities built by the Maya expanded, which led to an era of great growth and development. This would become known as the Classic Period. -The Maya lived in Mesoamerica, which includes parts of modern-day Mexico and Central America. -Chichen-Itza was the most populous city in the Yucatan Peninsula; it is believed that as many as 50,000 people lived there.
	Year 5	<p>Topic: Battle of Hastings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The Battle of Hastings happened in 1066. -William, Duke of Normandy won the Battle of Hastings. -The Battle of Stamford Bridge took place at the village of Stamford Bridge, near York, in 1066, between an English army and an invading Norwegian force. 	<p>Topic: Benin</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -In AD 900, the Kingdom of Benin begins to develop in what is now Nigeria. -The title used by the early rulers of Igodomigodo. It is thought that there were around 31 Ogiso rulers. -In AD 600, the area becomes the Ife Kingdom, one of the earliest kingdoms in the West African Rainforest. 	<p>Topic: Ancient Greece</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -When we talk about the ancient Greeks, we usually mean the period of time between 1200 BC and 323 BC. -Alexander the Great, a Macedonian King, created a huge empire by the age of 30 and never lost a battle during his reign. -Ancient Sparta and Ancient Athens were two different city states which disagreed due to their contrasts in culture. 	<p>Topic: Industrial Revolution in Cornwall</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cornwall was the superstar of mining. The tin and copper mines were among the richest in the world. - Cornish engineer Richard Trevithick played a huge role in the development of steam power. He designed high-pressure steam engines, which were crucial for deep mining. - The boom in mining changed life in Cornwall dramatically. New towns and railways emerged to support the industry, while chimneys and engine houses became part of the landscape. 	<p>Topic: Space History</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -The space race began on 2 August 1955, when the Soviet Union responded to the US announcement of their similar intent to launch artificial satellites. -12 April 1961: The Soviet, Yuri Gagarin makes a single orbit around the Earth and becomes the first man to reach space. He remained in space for one hour and forty-eight minutes. -20 July 1969: Neil Armstrong and later Edwin "Buzz" Aldrin become the first men to walk on the Moon while their crewmate Michael Collins continues to orbit the Moon aboard the Apollo 11. 	<p>Topic: New Zealand and Australia</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -James Cook becomes the first European to land on New Zealand in 1769. -The Māori were the first people to live on the islands of New Zealand. -According to Māori history, the Māori sailed to New Zealand from a tropical island called Hawaiki (experts believe that "Hawaiki" was actually Tahiti).

	<p>Year 6</p>	<p>Topic: Battle of Hastings -The Battle of Hastings happened in 1066. -William, Duke of Normandy won the battle and established the Normans as the rulers of England. -The Battle of Stamford Bridge took place at the village of Stamford Bridge, near York, in 1066, between an English army under King Harold Godwinson and an invading Norwegian force led by King Harald Hardrada and the English king's brother Tostig Godwinson.</p>	<p>Topic: Benin -In AD 900, the Kingdom of Benin begins to develop and boundaries are established around the region called Igodomigodo in what is now Nigeria. -The title used by the early rulers of Igodomigodo. It means 'kings of the sky'. It is thought that there were around 31 Ogoja rulers. -In AD 600, the area becomes the Ife Kingdom, one of the earliest kingdoms in the West African Rainforest.</p>	<p>Topic: Ancient Greece -When we talk about the ancient Greeks, we usually mean the period of time between 1200 BC and 323 BC. This was a time when there was a lot of cultural, social and scientific progress. -Alexander the Great, a Macedonian King, created a huge empire by the age of 30 and never lost a battle during his reign. -Ancient Sparta and Ancient Athens were two different city states which disagreed due to their contrasts in culture, resulting in The Peloponnesian War.</p>	<p>Topic: Industrial Revolution in Cornwall - Cornwall was the superstar of mining. The tin and copper mines were among the richest in the world. Places as far away as Australia and South Africa have mining traditions influenced by Cornish expertise. - Cornish engineer Richard Trevithick played a huge role in the development of steam power. He designed high-pressure steam engines, which were crucial for deep mining. These engines helped pump water out of mines. - The boom in mining changed life in Cornwall dramatically. New towns and railways emerged to support the industry, while chimneys and engine houses became part of the landscape. Mining was dangerous, and miners had tough lives.</p>	<p>Topic: Space History -The space race began on 2 August 1955, when the Soviet Union responded to the US announcement of their similar intent to launch artificial satellites. -12 April 1961: Yuri Gagarin makes a single orbit around the Earth and becomes the first man to reach space. He remained in space for one hour and forty-eight minutes. -20 July 1969: Neil Armstrong and later Edwin "Buzz" Aldrin become the first men to walk on the Moon while their crewmate Michael Collins continues to orbit the Moon aboard the Apollo 11. This secured a victory for America in the space race with a televised landing witnessed around the world by 723 million people.</p>	<p>Topic: New Zealand and Australia -James Cook becomes the first European to land on New Zealand in 1769. -The Māori were the first people to live on the islands of New Zealand. They arrived on the islands about 1,200 years ago. Their name means "ordinary people." -According to Māori history, the Māori sailed to New Zealand from a tropical island called Hawaiki (experts believe that "Hawaiki" was actually Tahiti).</p>
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